

Row Reduction (1A)

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Linear Equations

$$a_{11} x_1 + a_{12} x_2 + \cdots + a_{1n} x_n = b_1$$

$$a_{21} x_1 + a_{22} x_2 + \cdots + a_{2n} x_n = b_2$$

 \vdots \vdots \vdots \vdots

$$a_{m1} x_1 + a_{m2} x_2 + \cdots + a_{mn} x_n = b_m$$

$$\left[\begin{array}{cccc} a_{11} & a_{12} & \cdots & a_{1n} \\ a_{21} & a_{22} & \cdots & a_{2n} \\ \vdots & \vdots & & \vdots \\ a_{m1} & a_{m2} & \cdots & a_{mn} \end{array} \right] \left[\begin{array}{c} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ \vdots \\ x_n \end{array} \right] = \left[\begin{array}{c} b_1 \\ b_2 \\ \vdots \\ b_m \end{array} \right]$$

Linear Equations

$$\begin{aligned}
 a_{11}x_1 + a_{12}x_2 + \cdots + a_{1n}x_n &= b_1 \\
 a_{21}x_1 + a_{22}x_2 + \cdots + a_{2n}x_n &= b_2 \\
 \vdots &\quad \vdots \\
 a_{m1}x_1 + a_{m2}x_2 + \cdots + a_{mn}x_n &= b_m
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\left[\begin{array}{cccc} a_{11} & a_{12} & \cdots & a_{1n} \\ a_{21} & a_{22} & \cdots & a_{2n} \\ \vdots & \vdots & & \vdots \\ a_{m1} & a_{m2} & \cdots & a_{mn} \end{array} \right] \begin{pmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ \vdots \\ x_n \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} b_1 \\ b_2 \\ \vdots \\ b_m \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\sum_{j=1}^n a_{1j} \cdot x_j = b_1$$

$$\left[\begin{array}{cccc} a_{11} & a_{12} & \cdots & a_{1n} \\ a_{21} & a_{22} & \cdots & a_{2n} \\ \vdots & \vdots & & \vdots \\ a_{m1} & a_{m2} & \cdots & a_{mn} \end{array} \right] \begin{pmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ \vdots \\ x_n \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} b_1 \\ b_2 \\ \vdots \\ b_m \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\left[\begin{array}{cccc} a_{21} & a_{22} & \cdots & a_{2n} \\ a_{31} & a_{32} & \cdots & a_{3n} \\ \vdots & \vdots & & \vdots \\ a_{m1} & a_{m2} & \cdots & a_{mn} \end{array} \right] \begin{pmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ \vdots \\ x_n \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} b_1 \\ b_2 \\ \vdots \\ b_m \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\sum_{j=1}^n a_{2j} \cdot x_j = b_2$$

$$\left[\begin{array}{cccc} a_{m1} & a_{m2} & \cdots & a_{mn} \end{array} \right] \begin{pmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ \vdots \\ x_n \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} b_m \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\sum_{j=1}^n a_{mj} \cdot x_j = b_m$$

Example

$$\begin{array}{ccccccccc}
 a_{11} & x_1 & + & a_{12} & x_2 & + & \cdots & + & a_{1n} x_n = b_1 \\
 a_{21} & x_1 & + & a_{22} & x_2 & + & \cdots & + & a_{2n} x_n = b_2 \\
 \vdots & \vdots & & \vdots & & & \vdots & & \vdots \\
 a_{m1} & x_1 & + & a_{m2} & x_2 & + & \cdots & + & a_{mn} x_n = b_m
 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{ccccccccc}
 2 & x_1 & + & 1 & x_2 & - & 1 & x_3 & = +8 \\
 -3 & x_1 & - & 1 & x_2 & + & 2 & x_3 & = -11 \\
 -2 & x_1 & + & 1 & x_2 & + & 2 & x_3 & = -3
 \end{array}$$

$$\left(\begin{array}{cccc|c}
 a_{11} & a_{12} & \cdots & a_{1n} & x_1 \\
 a_{21} & a_{22} & \cdots & a_{2n} & x_2 \\
 \vdots & \vdots & & \vdots & \vdots \\
 a_{m1} & a_{m2} & \cdots & a_{mn} & x_n
 \end{array} \right) = \left(\begin{array}{c} b_1 \\ b_2 \\ \vdots \\ b_m \end{array} \right)$$

$$\left(\begin{array}{ccc}
 +2 & +1 & -1 \\
 -3 & -1 & +2 \\
 -2 & +1 & +2
 \end{array} \right) = \left(\begin{array}{c} +8 \\ -11 \\ -3 \end{array} \right)$$

Gauss-Jordan Elimination

$$\left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} +2 & +1 & -1 & +8 \\ -3 & -1 & +2 & -11 \\ -2 & +1 & +2 & -3 \end{array} \right] \begin{pmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} +8 \\ -11 \\ -3 \end{pmatrix} \quad \Rightarrow \quad \left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 0 & 0 & * \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & * \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & * \end{array} \right] \begin{pmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} * \\ * \\ * \end{pmatrix}$$

 $\begin{pmatrix} \text{green bar} \\ \text{blue bar} \end{pmatrix} \xrightarrow{\text{swap}} \begin{pmatrix} \text{blue bar} \\ \text{green bar} \end{pmatrix}$

 $\begin{pmatrix} \text{green bar} \end{pmatrix} \xrightarrow{x c} \begin{pmatrix} \text{purple bar} \end{pmatrix}$

 $\begin{pmatrix} \text{green bar} \\ \text{orange bar} \end{pmatrix} \xrightarrow{x c} \begin{pmatrix} \text{orange bar} \end{pmatrix}$

Gauss-Jordan Elimination – Step 1

$$+ 2x_1 + x_2 - x_3 = 8 \quad (L_1)$$

$$-3x_1 - x_2 + 2x_3 = -11 \quad (L_2)$$

$$-2x_1 + x_2 + 2x_3 = -3 \quad (L_3)$$

$$\left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} +2 & +1 & -1 & +8 \\ -3 & -1 & +2 & -11 \\ -2 & +1 & +2 & -3 \end{array} \right]$$

$$+ 1x_1 + \frac{1}{2}x_2 - \frac{1}{2}x_3 = 4 \quad (\frac{1}{2} \times L_1)$$

$$+2/2 \quad +1/2 \quad -1/2 \quad +8/2$$

$$+ 1x_1 + \frac{1}{2}x_2 - \frac{1}{2}x_3 = 4 \quad (\frac{1}{2} \times L_1)$$

$$-3x_1 - x_2 + 2x_3 = -11 \quad (L_2)$$

$$-2x_1 + x_2 + 2x_3 = -3 \quad (L_3)$$

$$\left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} +1 & +1/2 & -1/2 & +4 \\ -3 & -1 & +2 & -11 \\ -2 & +1 & +2 & -3 \end{array} \right]$$

Gauss-Jordan Elimination – Step 2

$$+1x_1 + \frac{1}{2}x_2 - \frac{1}{2}x_3 = +4 \quad (L_1)$$

$$-3x_1 - x_2 + 2x_3 = -11 \quad (L_2)$$

$$-2x_1 + x_2 + 2x_3 = -3 \quad (L_3)$$

$$\left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} +1 & +1/2 & -1/2 & +4 \\ -3 & -1 & +2 & -11 \\ -2 & +1 & +2 & -3 \end{array} \right]$$

$$+3x_1 + \frac{3}{2}x_2 - \frac{3}{2}x_3 = +12 \quad (3 \times L_1)$$

$$-3x_1 - x_2 + 2x_3 = -11 \quad (L_2)$$

$$\left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} +3 & +3/2 & -3/2 & +12 \\ -3 & -1 & +2 & -11 \end{array} \right]$$

$$+2x_1 + \frac{2}{2}x_2 - \frac{2}{2}x_3 = +8 \quad (2 \times L_1)$$

$$-2x_1 + x_2 + 2x_3 = -3 \quad (L_3)$$

$$\left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} +2 & +2/2 & -2/2 & +8 \\ -2 & +1 & +2 & -3 \end{array} \right]$$

$$+1x_1 + \frac{1}{2}x_2 - \frac{1}{2}x_3 = +4 \quad (L_1)$$

$$0x_1 + \frac{1}{2}x_2 + \frac{1}{2}x_3 = +1 \quad (3 \times L_1 + L_2)$$

$$0x_1 + 2x_2 + 1x_3 = +5 \quad (2 \times L_1 + L_3)$$

$$\left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} +1 & +1/2 & -1/2 & +4 \\ 0 & +1/2 & +1/2 & +1 \\ 0 & +2 & +1 & +5 \end{array} \right]$$

Gauss-Jordan Elimination – Step 3

$$+1x_1 + \frac{1}{2}x_2 - \frac{1}{2}x_3 = +4 \quad (L_1)$$

$$0x_1 + \frac{1}{2}x_2 + \frac{1}{2}x_3 = +1 \quad (L_2)$$

$$0x_1 + 2x_2 + 1x_3 = +5 \quad (L_3)$$

$$\left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} +1 & +1/2 & -1/2 & +4 \\ 0 & +1/2 & +1/2 & +1 \\ 0 & +2 & +1 & +5 \end{array} \right]$$

$$0x_1 + 1x_2 + 1x_3 = +2 \quad (2 \times L_2)$$

$$0 \quad +1 \quad +1 \quad +2$$

$$+1x_1 + \frac{1}{2}x_2 - \frac{1}{2}x_3 = +4 \quad (L_1)$$

$$0x_1 + 1x_2 + 1x_3 = +2 \quad (2 \times L_2)$$

$$0x_1 + 2x_2 + 1x_3 = +5 \quad (L_3)$$

$$\left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} +1 & +1/2 & -1/2 & +4 \\ 0 & +1 & +1 & +2 \\ 0 & +2 & +1 & +5 \end{array} \right]$$

Gauss-Jordan Elimination – Step 4

$$+1x_1 + \frac{1}{2}x_2 - \frac{1}{2}x_3 = +4 \quad (L_1)$$

$$0x_1 + 1x_2 + 1x_3 = +2 \quad (L_2)$$

$$0x_1 + 2x_2 + 1x_3 = +5 \quad (L_3)$$

$$\left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} +1 & +1/2 & -1/2 & +4 \\ 0 & +1 & +1 & +2 \\ 0 & +2 & +1 & +5 \end{array} \right]$$

$$0x_1 - 2x_2 - 2x_3 = -4 \quad [-2 \times L_2]$$

$$0x_1 + 2x_2 + 1x_3 = +5 \quad (L_3)$$

$$\left[\begin{array}{cccc} 0 & -2 & -2 & -4 \\ 0 & +2 & +1 & +5 \end{array} \right]$$

$$+1x_1 + \frac{1}{2}x_2 - \frac{1}{2}x_3 = +4 \quad (L_1)$$

$$0x_1 + 1x_2 + 1x_3 = +2 \quad (L_2)$$

$$0x_1 + 0x_2 - 1x_3 = +1 \quad [-2 \times L_2 + L_3]$$

$$\left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} +1 & +1/2 & -1/2 & +4 \\ 0 & +1 & +1 & +2 \\ 0 & 0 & -1 & +1 \end{array} \right]$$

Gauss-Jordan Elimination – Step 5

$$+ 1x_1 + \frac{1}{2}x_2 - \frac{1}{2}x_3 = + 4 \quad (L_1)$$

$$0x_1 + 1x_2 + 1x_3 = + 2 \quad (L_2)$$

$$0x_1 + 0x_2 - 1x_3 = + 1 \quad (L_3)$$

$$\left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} +1 & +1/2 & -1/2 & +4 \\ 0 & +1 & +1 & +2 \\ 0 & 0 & -1 & +1 \end{array} \right]$$

$$0x_1 - 0x_2 + 1x_3 = -1 \quad (-1 \times L_3)$$

$$0 \quad 0 \quad +1 \quad -1$$

$$+ 1x_1 + \frac{1}{2}x_2 - \frac{1}{2}x_3 = + 4 \quad (L_1)$$

$$0x_1 + 1x_2 + 1x_3 = + 2 \quad (L_2)$$

$$0x_1 + 0x_2 + 1x_3 = -1 \quad (-1 \times L_3)$$

$$\left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} +1 & +1/2 & -1/2 & +4 \\ 0 & +1 & +1 & +2 \\ 0 & 0 & +1 & -1 \end{array} \right]$$

Forward Phase

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} +2 & +1 & -1 & +8 \\ -3 & -1 & +2 & -11 \\ -2 & +1 & +2 & -3 \end{array} \right] \xrightarrow{\quad} \left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} +1 & +1/2 & -1/2 & +4 \\ -3 & -1 & +2 & -11 \\ -2 & +1 & +2 & -3 \end{array} \right] \xrightarrow{\quad} \left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} +1 & +1/2 & -1/2 & +4 \\ 0 & +1/2 & +1/2 & +1 \\ 0 & +2 & +1 & +5 \end{array} \right] \xrightarrow{\quad} \\
 \left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} +1 & +1/2 & -1/2 & +4 \\ 0 & +1 & +1 & +2 \\ 0 & +2 & +1 & +1 \end{array} \right] \xrightarrow{\quad} \left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} +1 & +1/2 & -1/2 & +4 \\ 0 & +1 & +1 & +2 \\ 0 & 0 & +1 & -1 \end{array} \right] \xrightarrow{\quad}
 \end{array}$$

Forward Phase - Gaussian Elimination

Gauss-Jordan Elimination – Step 6

$$+1x_1 + \frac{1}{2}x_2 - \frac{1}{2}x_3 = +4 \quad (L_1)$$

$$0x_1 + 1x_2 + 1x_3 = +2 \quad (L_2)$$

$$0x_1 + 0x_2 + 1x_3 = -1 \quad (L_3)$$

$$\left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} +1 & +1/2 & -1/2 & +4 \\ 0 & +1 & +1 & +2 \\ 0 & 0 & +1 & -1 \end{array} \right]$$

$$0x_1 + 0x_2 + \frac{1}{2}x_3 = -\frac{1}{2} \quad (+\frac{1}{2} \times L_3)$$

$$+1x_1 + \frac{1}{2}x_2 - \frac{1}{2}x_3 = +4 \quad (L_1)$$

$$0 \quad 0 \quad +1/2 \quad -1/2$$

$$+1 \quad +1/2 \quad -1/2 \quad +4$$

$$0x_1 + 0x_2 - 1x_3 = +1 \quad (-1 \times L_3)$$

$$0x_1 + 1x_2 + 1x_3 = +2 \quad (L_2)$$

$$0 \quad 0 \quad -1 \quad +1$$

$$0 \quad +1 \quad +1 \quad +2$$

$$+1x_1 + \frac{1}{2}x_2 + 0x_3 = +\frac{7}{2} \quad (+\frac{1}{2} \times L_3 + L_1)$$

$$0x_1 + 1x_2 + 0x_3 = +3 \quad (-1 \times L_3 + L_2)$$

$$0x_1 + 0x_2 + 1x_3 = -1 \quad (L_3)$$

$$\left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} +1 & +1/2 & 0 & +7/2 \\ 0 & +1 & 0 & +3 \\ 0 & 0 & +1 & -1 \end{array} \right]$$

Gauss-Jordan Elimination – Step 7

$$+1x_1 + \frac{1}{2}x_2 + 0x_3 = +\frac{7}{2} \quad (L_1)$$

$$0x_1 + 1x_2 + 0x_3 = +3 \quad (L_2)$$

$$0x_1 + 0x_2 + 1x_3 = -1 \quad (L_3)$$

$$\left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} +1 & +1/2 & 0 & +7/2 \\ 0 & +1 & 0 & +3 \\ 0 & 0 & +1 & -1 \end{array} \right]$$

$$0x_1 - \frac{1}{2}x_2 + 0x_3 = -\frac{3}{2} \quad \left(-\frac{1}{2} \times L_2 \right)$$

$$+1x_1 + 0x_2 - 0x_3 = +2 \quad (L_1)$$

$$\left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 0 & -1/2 & 0 & -3/2 \\ +1 & +1/2 & 0 & +7/2 \end{array} \right]$$

$$+1x_1 + 0x_2 - 0x_3 = +2 \quad \left(-\frac{1}{2} \times L_2 + L_1 \right)$$

$$0x_1 + 1x_2 + 0x_3 = +3 \quad (L_2)$$

$$0x_1 + 0x_2 + 1x_3 = -1 \quad (L_3)$$

$$\left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} +1 & 0 & 0 & +2 \\ 0 & +1 & 0 & +3 \\ 0 & 0 & +1 & -1 \end{array} \right]$$

Backward Phase

$$\left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} +1 & +1/2 & -1/2 & +4 \\ 0 & +1 & +1 & +2 \\ 0 & 0 & +1 & -1 \end{array} \right] \xrightarrow{\quad} \left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} +1 & +1/2 & 0 & +7/2 \\ 0 & +1 & 0 & +3 \\ 0 & 0 & +1 & -1 \end{array} \right] \xrightarrow{\quad} \left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} +1 & 0 & 0 & +2 \\ 0 & +1 & 0 & +3 \\ 0 & 0 & +1 & -1 \end{array} \right]$$

Gauss-Jordan Elimination

Forward Phase – Gaussian Elimination

$$\left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} +2 & +1 & -1 & +8 \\ -3 & -1 & +2 & -11 \\ -2 & +1 & +2 & -3 \end{array} \right] \xrightarrow{\quad} \left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} +1 & +1/2 & -1/2 & +4 \\ -3 & -1 & +2 & -11 \\ -2 & +1 & +2 & -3 \end{array} \right] \xrightarrow{\quad} \left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} +1 & +1/2 & -1/2 & +4 \\ 0 & +1/2 & +1/2 & +1 \\ 0 & +2 & +1 & +5 \end{array} \right]$$

$$\left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} +1 & +1/2 & -1/2 & +4 \\ 0 & +1 & +1 & +2 \\ 0 & +2 & +1 & +5 \end{array} \right] \xrightarrow{\quad} \left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} +1 & +1/2 & -1/2 & +4 \\ 0 & +1 & +1 & +2 \\ 0 & 0 & -1 & +1 \end{array} \right] \xrightarrow{\quad} \left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} +1 & +1/2 & -1/2 & +4 \\ 0 & +1 & +1 & +2 \\ 0 & 0 & +1 & -1 \end{array} \right]$$

Backward Phase – Gauss-Jordan Elimination

$$\left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} +1 & +1/2 & -1/2 & +4 \\ 0 & +1 & +1 & +2 \\ 0 & 0 & +1 & -1 \end{array} \right] \xrightarrow{\quad} \left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} +1 & +1/2 & 0 & +7/2 \\ 0 & +1 & 0 & +3 \\ 0 & 0 & +1 & -1 \end{array} \right] \xrightarrow{\quad} \left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} +1 & 0 & 0 & +2 \\ 0 & +1 & 0 & +3 \\ 0 & 0 & +1 & -1 \end{array} \right]$$

REF: Row Echelon Forms (1)

zero rows



Should be grouped at the **bottom**

non-zero row



A leading **1**

The 1st non-zero element should be one

Any successive
non-zero rows



The leading **1** of the **lower row**
should be farther to the **right** than
the leading **1** of the **higher row**

REF: Row Echelon Forms (2)

zero rows



Should be grouped at the bottom

0	0	0	0	•	•	•	0
0	0	0	0	•	•	•	0

0	0	0	0	•	•	•	0
0	0	0	0	•	•	•	0

REF: Row Echelon Forms (3)

non-zero row



A leading one

The 1st non-zero element should be one

0	9	*	*	.	.	.	*
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

0	1	*	*	.	.	.	*
0	0	0	0	.	.	.	0
0	0	0	0	.	.	.	0

REF: Row Echelon Forms (4)

Any successive
non-zero rows



The leading **1** of the **lower row**
should be farther to the **right** than
the leading **1** of the **higher row**

i-th row
(i+1)-th row



0	1	*	*	•	•	*
0	0	*	*	•	•	*

0	1	*	*	•	•	*
0	0	*	*	•	•	*
0	0	0	0	•	•	0
0	0	0	0	•	•	0

The possible location of the leading one

Could be like this

$$0 \quad 0 \quad 1 \quad * \quad \dots \quad *$$

Or like this

$$0 \quad 0 \quad 0 \quad 1 \quad \dots \quad *$$

Or like this

$$0 \quad 0 \quad 0 \quad \dots \quad 1$$

RREF: Reduced Row Echelon Forms (1)

zero rows



Should be grouped at the bottom

non-zero row



A leading **1**

The 1st non-zero element should be one

Any successive
non-zero rows



The leading **1** of the **lower row**
should be farther to the **right** than
the leading **1** of the **higher row**

Any column
that contains a
leading **1**



All other elements except the leading
one are **all zeros**

RREF: Reduced Row Echelon Forms (2)

Any column that
contains a
leading one



All other elements except the leading one are **all zeros**

0	9	1	*	*	•	•	•	*
0	0							
0	0							
•								
•								
•								
0	0							

0	0	1	*	*	•	•	•	*
0	0							
0	0							
0	0							
0	0							

Examples

Row Echelon Form

1										
0	1									
0	0	1								
0	0	0	1							
0	0	0	0	1						
0	0	0	0	0	1					
0	0	0	0	0	0	1				
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1			
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1		
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1

Zero / Non-zero

Zero / Non-zero

1										
0	1									
0	0	0	1							
0	0	0	0	0	1					
0	0	0	0	0	0	1				
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1			
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1		
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Reduced Row Echelon Form

1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1

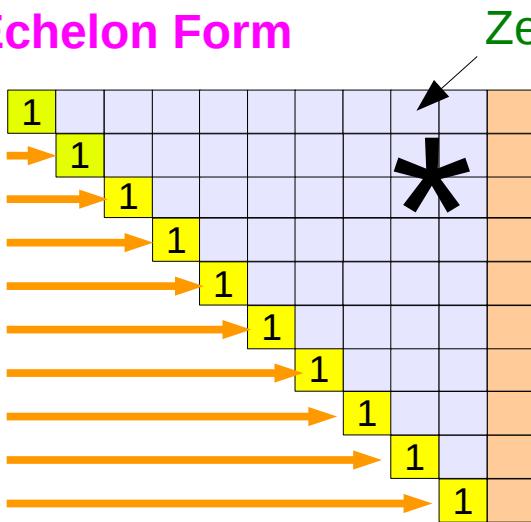
1	0		0							
0	1		0							
0	0	0	1							
0	0	0	0	0	1					
0	0	0	0	0	0	1				
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1			
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1		
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

zero rows

zero rows

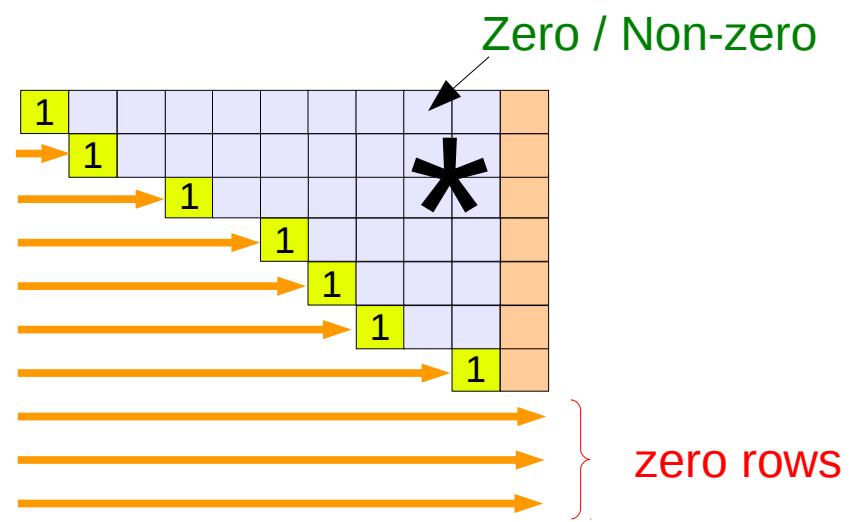
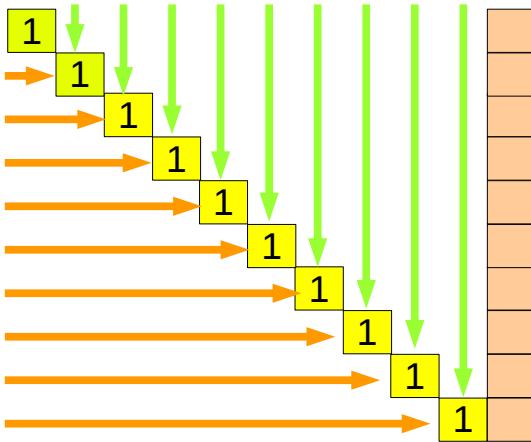
Examples

Row Echelon Form



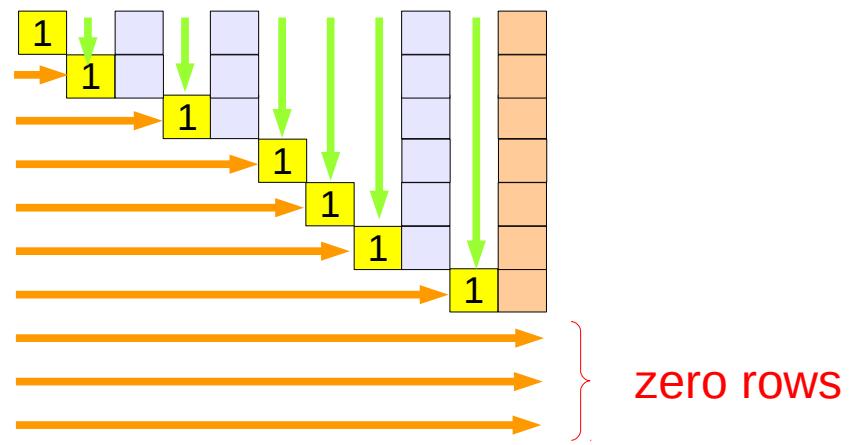
Zero / Non-zero

Reduced Row Echelon Form



Zero / Non-zero

zero rows

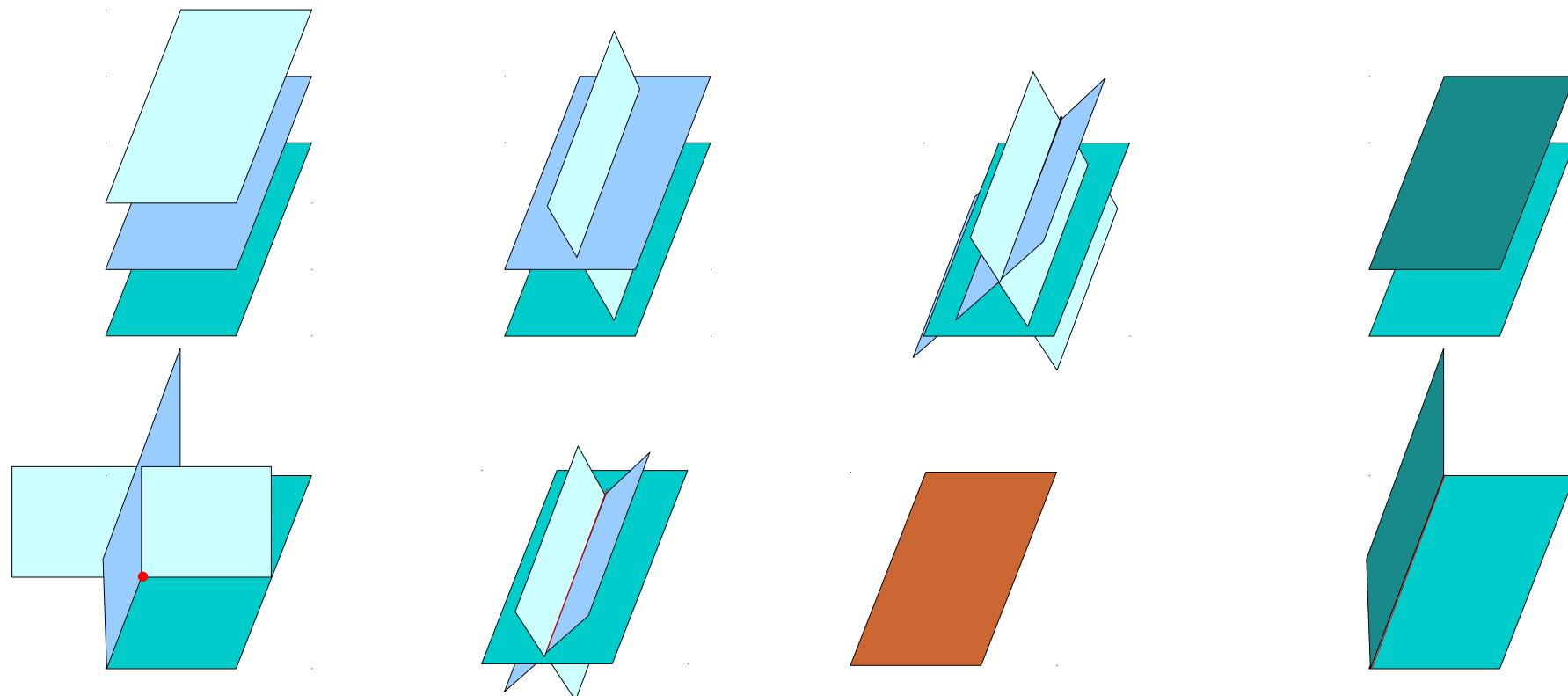


Linear Systems of 3 Unknowns

$$(\text{Eq 1}) \rightarrow a_{11} x_1 + a_{12} x_2 + a_{13} x_3 = b_1$$

$$(\text{Eq 2}) \rightarrow a_{21} x_1 + a_{22} x_2 + a_{23} x_3 = b_2$$

$$(\text{Eq 3}) \rightarrow a_{31} x_1 + a_{32} x_2 + a_{33} x_3 = b_3$$



Leading and Free Variables

$$\left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 0 & 0 & 5 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 7 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 9 \end{array} \right]$$

$$\left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 0 & 3 & -1 \\ 0 & 1 & -4 & 2 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{array} \right]$$

$$\left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & -5 & 1 & 4 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{array} \right]$$

$$\begin{aligned} 1 \cdot x_1 + 0 \cdot x_2 + 0 \cdot x_3 &= 5 \\ 0 \cdot x_1 + 1 \cdot x_2 + 0 \cdot x_3 &= 7 \\ 0 \cdot x_1 + 0 \cdot x_2 + 1 \cdot x_3 &= 9 \end{aligned}$$

$$\left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{array} \right]$$

$$\begin{aligned} 0 \cdot x_1 + 0 \cdot x_2 + 0 \cdot x_3 &= 1 \\ 0 \cancel{\neq} 1 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 1 \cdot x_1 + 3 \cdot x_3 &= -1 \\ 1 \cdot x_2 - 4 \cdot x_3 &= 2 \end{aligned}$$

with a leading 1
leading variables

Other remaining variable
free variables

Free Variables as Parameters (1)

$$\begin{aligned} 1 \cdot x_1 + 0 \cdot x_2 + 0 \cdot x_3 &= 5 \\ 0 \cdot x_1 + 1 \cdot x_2 + 0 \cdot x_3 &= 7 \\ 0 \cdot x_1 + 0 \cdot x_2 + 1 \cdot x_3 &= 9 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 1 \cdot x_1 + 3 \cdot x_3 &= -1 \\ 1 \cdot x_2 - 4 \cdot x_3 &= 2 \end{aligned}$$

$$1 \cdot x_1 - 5 \cdot x_2 + 1 \cdot x_3 = 4$$

Solve for a leading variable

$$\begin{cases} x_1 = 5 \\ x_2 = 7 \\ x_3 = 9 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} x_1 = -1 - 3 \cdot x_3 \\ x_2 = 2 + 4 \cdot x_3 \end{cases}$$

$$x_1 = 4 + 5 \cdot x_2 - 1 \cdot x_3$$

Treat a free variable
as a parameter

$$x_3 = t$$

$$x_2 = s \quad x_3 = t$$

$$\begin{cases} x_1 = 5 \\ x_2 = 7 \\ x_3 = 9 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} x_1 = -1 - 3t \\ x_2 = 2 + 4t \\ x_3 = t \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} x_1 = 4 + 5s - 1t \\ x_2 = s \\ x_3 = t \end{cases}$$

Free Variables as Parameters (2)

$$\left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 0 & 0 & 5 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 7 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 9 \end{array} \right]$$

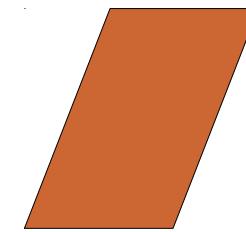
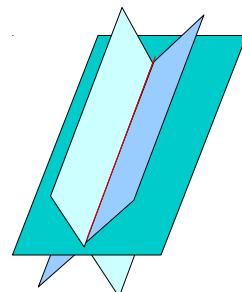
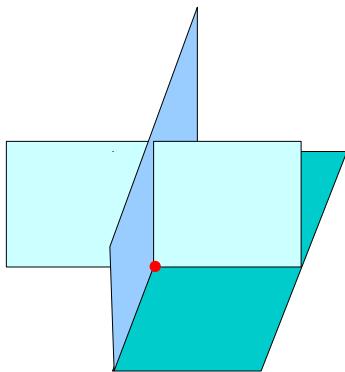
$$\left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 0 & 3 & -1 \\ 0 & 1 & -4 & 2 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{array} \right]$$

$$\left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & -5 & 1 & 4 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{array} \right]$$

$$\begin{cases} x_1 = 5 \\ x_2 = 7 \\ x_3 = 9 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} x_1 = -1 - 3t \\ x_2 = 2 + 4t \\ x_3 = t \end{cases} \quad \text{free variable}$$

$$\begin{cases} x_1 = 4 + 5s - 1t \\ x_2 = s \\ x_3 = t \end{cases} \quad \begin{matrix} \text{free variable} \\ \text{free variable} \end{matrix}$$



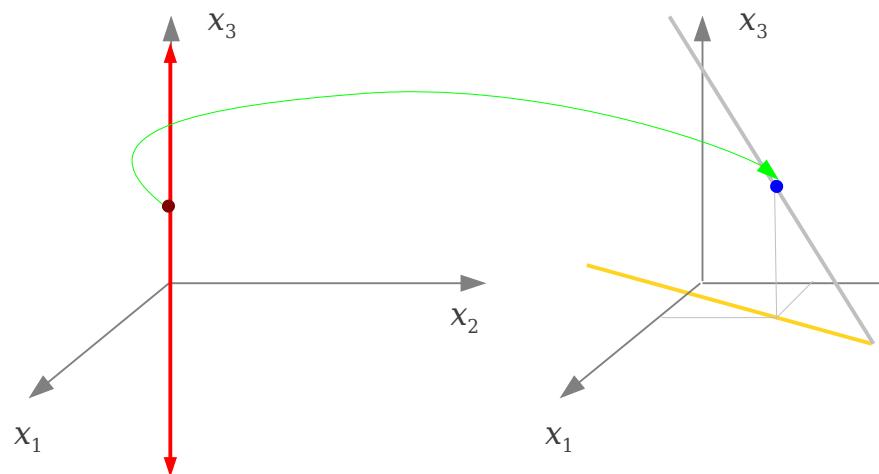
Free Variables as Parameters (3)

$$\begin{cases} x_1 = -1 - 3t \\ x_2 = 2 + 4t \\ x_3 = t \end{cases} \quad \text{free variable}$$

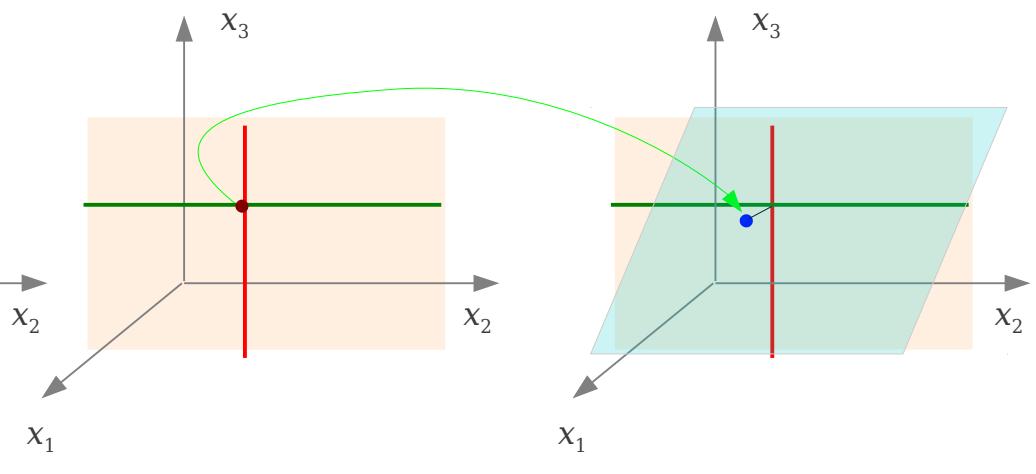
$$\begin{cases} x_1 = 4 + 5s - 1t \\ x_2 = s \\ x_3 = t \end{cases} \quad \begin{array}{l} \text{free variable} \\ \text{free variable} \end{array}$$

$$4x_1 + 3x_2 = 2$$

$$x_1 - 5x_2 + x_3 = 4$$



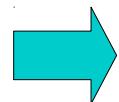
infinitely many solutions



infinitely many solutions

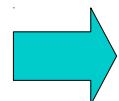
Consistent Linear System

A linear system with **at least one solution**



A Consistent Linear System

A linear system with **no solutions**



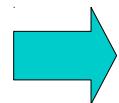
A Inconsistent Linear System

General Solution

A linear system with **infinitely many solutions**

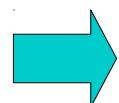
Solve for a **leading variable**

Treat a **free variable** as a **parameter**



A set of parametric equations

All solutions can be obtained
by assigning numerical values to those parameters



Called a general solution

Homogeneous System

$$\begin{array}{c} a_{11} x_1 + a_{12} x_2 + \cdots + a_{1n} x_n = 0 \\ a_{21} x_1 + a_{22} x_2 + \cdots + a_{2n} x_n = 0 \\ \vdots \qquad \vdots \qquad \vdots \\ a_{m1} x_1 + a_{m2} x_2 + \cdots + a_{mn} x_n = 0 \end{array}$$

All constant terms
are zero

$$\left[\begin{array}{cccc} a_{11} & a_{12} & \cdots & a_{1n} \\ a_{21} & a_{22} & \cdots & a_{2n} \\ \vdots & \vdots & & \vdots \\ a_{m1} & a_{m2} & \cdots & a_{mn} \end{array} \right] \left[\begin{array}{c} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ \vdots \\ x_n \end{array} \right] = \begin{array}{c} 0 \\ 0 \\ \vdots \\ 0 \end{array}$$

All constant terms
are zero

Solutions of a Homogeneous System

All homogeneous systems pass through the origin



The homogeneous system has

- * only the trivial solution
- * many solutions
in addition to the trivial solution

$$\begin{array}{c} a_{11} x_1 + a_{12} x_2 + \cdots + a_{1n} x_n = 0 \\ a_{21} x_1 + a_{22} x_2 + \cdots + a_{2n} x_n = 0 \\ \vdots \quad \vdots \quad \vdots \\ a_{m1} x_1 + a_{m2} x_2 + \cdots + a_{mn} x_n = 0 \end{array}$$

$$\left[\begin{array}{cccc} a_{11} & a_{12} & \cdots & a_{1n} \\ a_{21} & a_{22} & \cdots & a_{2n} \\ \vdots & \vdots & & \vdots \\ a_{m1} & a_{m2} & \cdots & a_{mn} \end{array} \right] \left[\begin{array}{c} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ \vdots \\ x_n \end{array} \right] = \left[\begin{array}{c} 0 \\ 0 \\ \vdots \\ 0 \end{array} \right]$$

Trivial Solution

$$\begin{pmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ \vdots \\ x_n \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ \vdots \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$a_{11}x_1 + a_{12}x_2 + \cdots + a_{1n}x_n = 0 \\ a_{21}x_1 + a_{22}x_2 + \cdots + a_{2n}x_n = 0 \\ \vdots \qquad \vdots \qquad \vdots \\ a_{m1}x_1 + a_{m2}x_2 + \cdots + a_{mn}x_n = 0$$

satisfies all homogeneous equations

All homogeneous systems pass through the origin

$$\left[\begin{array}{cccc} a_{11} & a_{12} & \cdots & a_{1n} \\ a_{21} & a_{22} & \cdots & a_{2n} \\ \vdots & \vdots & & \vdots \\ a_{m1} & a_{m2} & \cdots & a_{mn} \end{array} \right] \begin{pmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ \vdots \\ x_n \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ \vdots \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

Impossible Solution

$$\left[\begin{array}{ccc} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{array} \right] \text{rank =2}$$

$$\left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{array} \right] \text{rank =3}$$

$$0 \cdot x_1 + 0 \cdot x_2 + 0 \cdot x_3 = 1$$

$$0 \cancel{\geq} 1$$

$$\text{rank}(A) < \text{rank}(A|b)$$

Linear System $\mathbf{A}\mathbf{x} = \mathbf{B}$

$$\mathbf{A} \mathbf{x} = \mathbf{0}$$

Always consistent

$$\text{rank}(\mathbf{A}) = n$$

unique solution $\mathbf{x} = \mathbf{0}$

$$\text{rank}(\mathbf{A}) < n$$

Infinitely many solution
 $n - r$ parameters

$$\mathbf{A} = [a_{ij}]_{m \times n}$$

m equations

n unknowns

$$\mathbf{A} \mathbf{x} = \mathbf{b}$$

$$\text{rank}(\mathbf{A}) = \text{rank}(\mathbf{A}|\mathbf{b})$$

: Consistent

$$\text{rank}(\mathbf{A}) = n$$

unique solution $\mathbf{x} \neq \mathbf{0}$

$$\text{rank}(\mathbf{A}) < n$$

Infinitely many solution
 $n - r$ parameters

$$\text{rank}(\mathbf{A}) < \text{rank}(\mathbf{A}|\mathbf{b})$$

: Inconsistent

Augmented Matrix

$$\begin{array}{c}
 a_{11} x_1 + a_{12} x_2 + \cdots + a_{1n} x_n = 0 \\
 a_{21} x_1 + a_{22} x_2 + \cdots + a_{2n} x_n = 0 \\
 \vdots \qquad \vdots \qquad \vdots \\
 a_{m1} x_1 + a_{m2} x_2 + \cdots + a_{mn} x_n = 0
 \end{array}$$

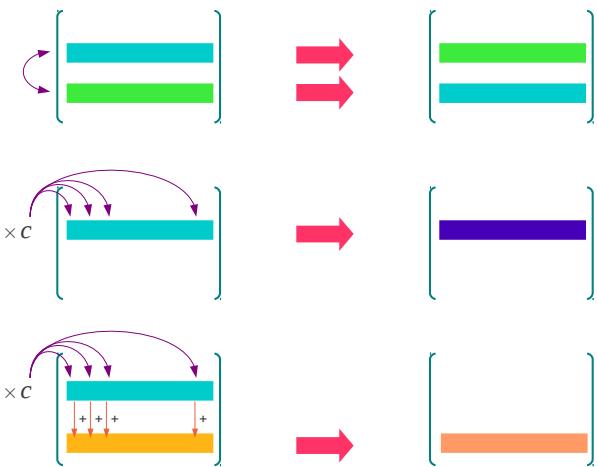
Augmented matrix of a homogeneous system

$$\left[\begin{array}{cccc} a_{11} & a_{12} & \cdots & a_{1n} \\ a_{21} & a_{22} & \cdots & a_{2n} \\ \vdots & \vdots & & \vdots \\ a_{m1} & a_{m2} & \cdots & a_{mn} \end{array} \right] \left[\begin{array}{c} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ \vdots \\ x_n \end{array} \right] = \left[\begin{array}{c} 0 \\ 0 \\ \vdots \\ 0 \end{array} \right]$$

$$\left[\begin{array}{cccc|c} a_{11} & a_{12} & \cdots & a_{1n} & 0 \\ a_{21} & a_{22} & \cdots & a_{2n} & 0 \\ \vdots & \vdots & & \vdots & \vdots \\ a_{m1} & a_{m2} & \cdots & a_{mn} & 0 \end{array} \right]$$



Reduced Row Echelon Form



Elementary row operations do not alter the zero column of a matrix

homogeneous system

The augmented zero column
is preserved in the reduced row echelon form

Reduced Echelon Form

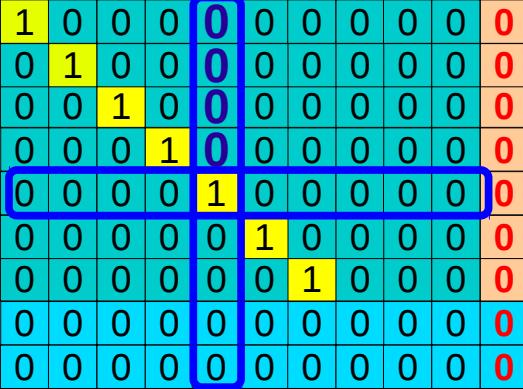
1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
m leading variables						1	0	0	0	0	0
					0	0	0	1	0	0	0
					0	0	0	0	1	0	0
					0	0	0	0	0	1	0
					0	0	0	0	0	0	1

r
leading
variables

zero rows

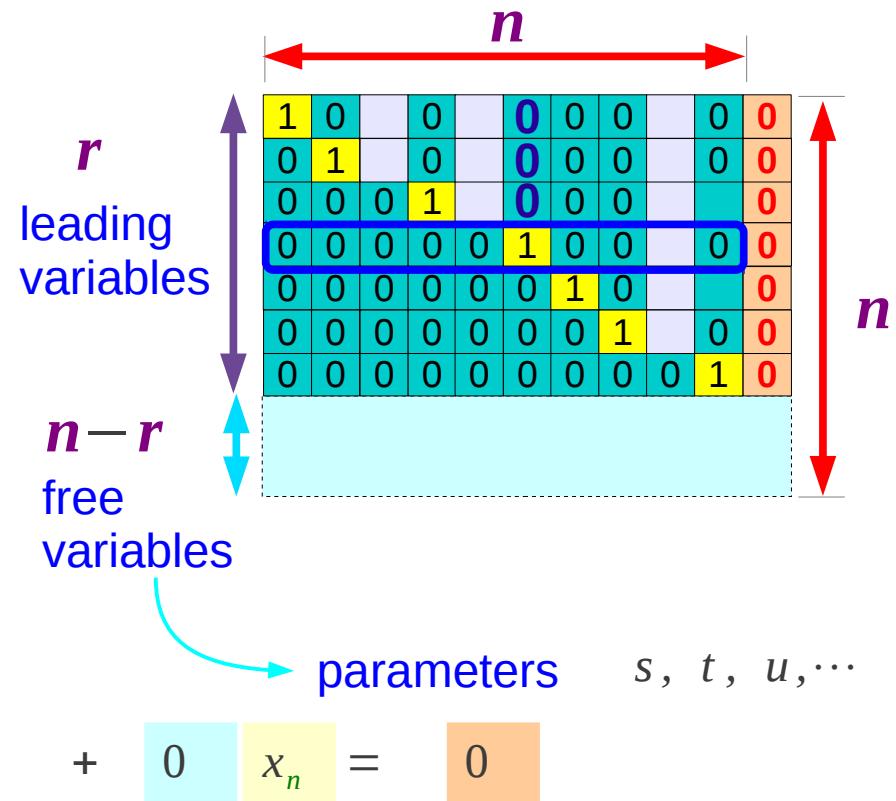
Free Variable Theorem

Reduced Echelon Form

r
 leading
 variables {


 zero rows }


$$0 \ x_1 + 0 \ x_2 + \dots + 0 \ x_n = 0$$



A homogeneous linear system with n unknowns

If the reduced row echelon form of its augmented matrix has
 r non-zero rows \rightarrow $n - r$ free variables \rightarrow infinitely many solutions

Free Variable Theorem Example

Reduced Echelon Form

$$\left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 0 & 3 & -1 \\ 0 & 1 & -4 & 2 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{array} \right]$$

$$1 \cdot x_1 + 3 \cdot x_3 = -1$$

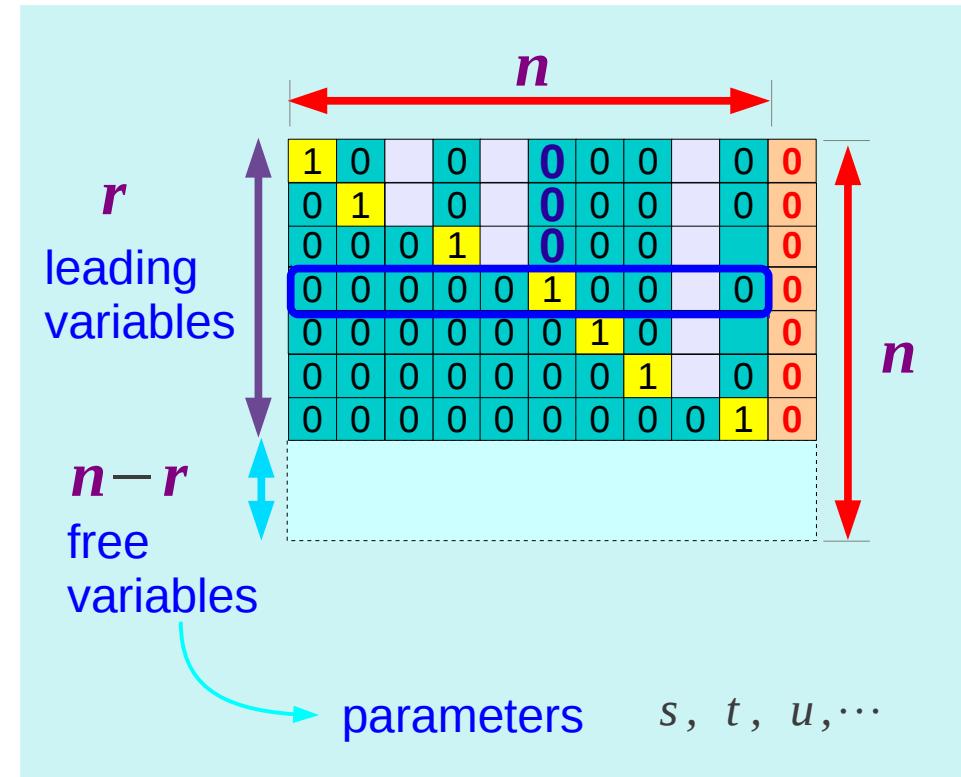
$$1 \cdot x_2 - 4 \cdot x_3 = 2$$

$$\begin{cases} x_1 = -1 - 3t \\ x_2 = 2 + 4t \\ x_3 = t \quad \text{free variable} \end{cases}$$

$$\left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & -5 & 1 & 4 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{array} \right]$$

$$1 \cdot x_1 - 5 \cdot x_2 + 1 \cdot x_3 = 4$$

$$\begin{cases} x_1 = 4 + 5 \cdot x_2 - 1 \cdot x_3 \\ x_2 = s \quad \text{free variable} \\ x_3 = t \quad \text{free variable} \end{cases}$$



A homogeneous linear system with n unknowns

If the reduced row echelon form of its augmented matrix has
 r non-zero rows \rightarrow $n - r$ free variables \rightarrow infinitely many solutions

Pivot Positions

Row Echelon Form

Not unique

Depend on the sequence of elementary row operations

1											
0	1										
0	0	1									
0	0	0	1								
0	0	0	0	1							
0	0	0	0	0	1						
0	0	0	0	0	0	1					
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1				
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1			
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1		

Zero / Non-zero

The position of leading 1's
Pivot position is unique

1											
0	1										
0	0	0	1								
0	0	0	0	0	1						
0	0	0	0	0	0	1					
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1				
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1			
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1		
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Zero / Non-zero

} zero rows

Reduced Row Echelon Form

Unique

1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	
0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	
0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	

1	0				0	0	0	0	0	0	
0	1				0	0	0	0	0	0	
0	0	0	1		0	0	0	0	0	0	
0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	
0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

} zero rows

Pulse

References

- [1] <http://en.wikipedia.org/>
- [2] Anton & Busby, "Contemporary Linear Algebra"
- [3] Anton & Rorres, "Elementary Linear Algebra"