

Day09 (H1)

Button example
Math Class
Scanner Class
if-else if
switch
logical operators

20150821

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Simple GUI Example

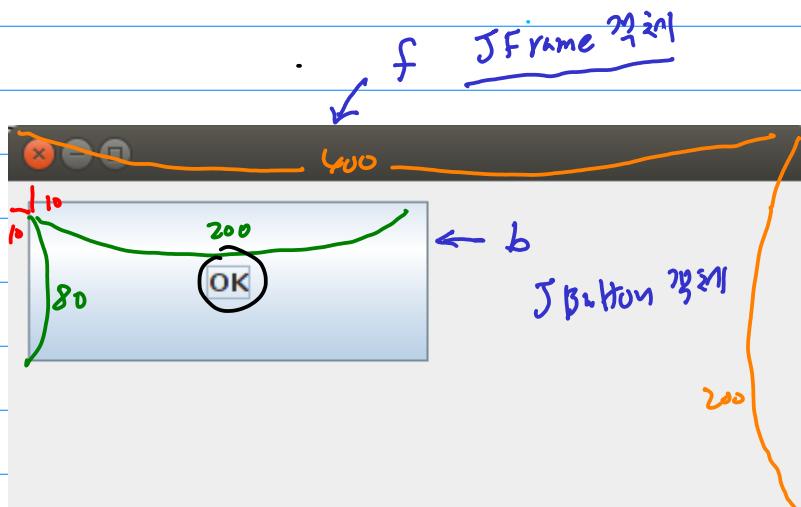
(Graphical User Interface)

package

```
import javax.swing.*;  
public class SwingTest {  
    /**  
     * @param args  
     */  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        // TODO Auto-generated method stub  
  
        JFrame f; // JFrame 선언  
        JButton b; // JButton 선언  
        f = new JFrame();  
        b = new JButton("OK");  
  
        b.setBounds(10, 10, 200, 80);  
        f.add(b); // button의 위치 button 위치  
  
        f.setSize(400, 200);  
        f.setLayout(null);  
        f.setVisible(true);  
    }  
}
```

javax.swing
package에서

JFrame
 JButton 선언된
 class들



Package

관련이 있는 class들을 묶어둔 것

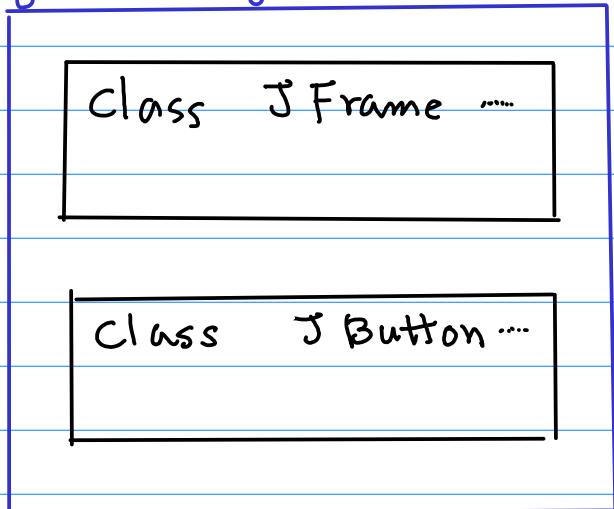


javax.swing • *

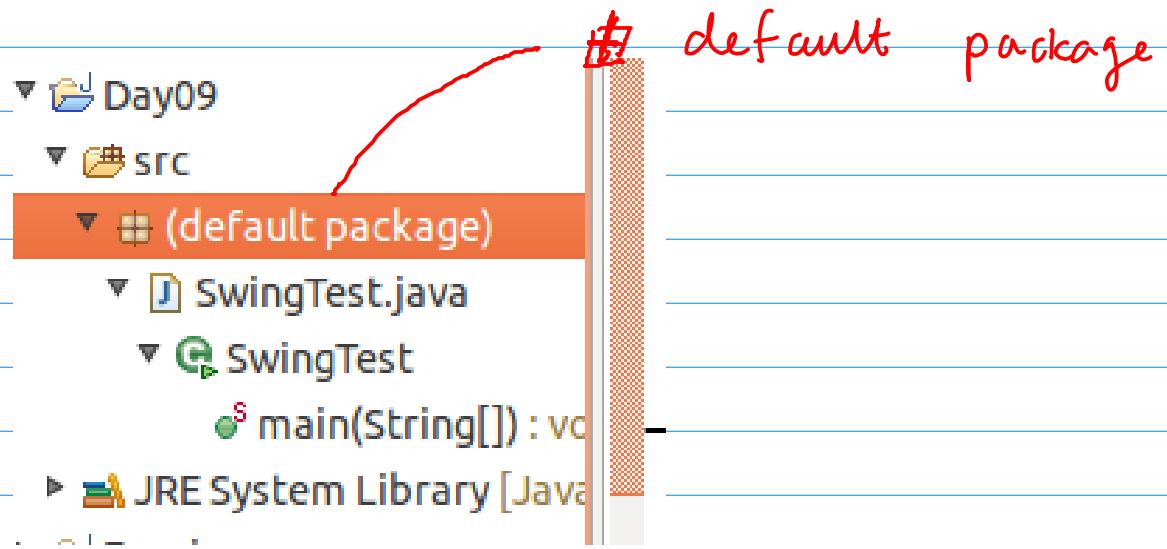
package 이름 javax.swing package 안에 있는
class 모두 다

import 쓰기 위하여 불러들임.

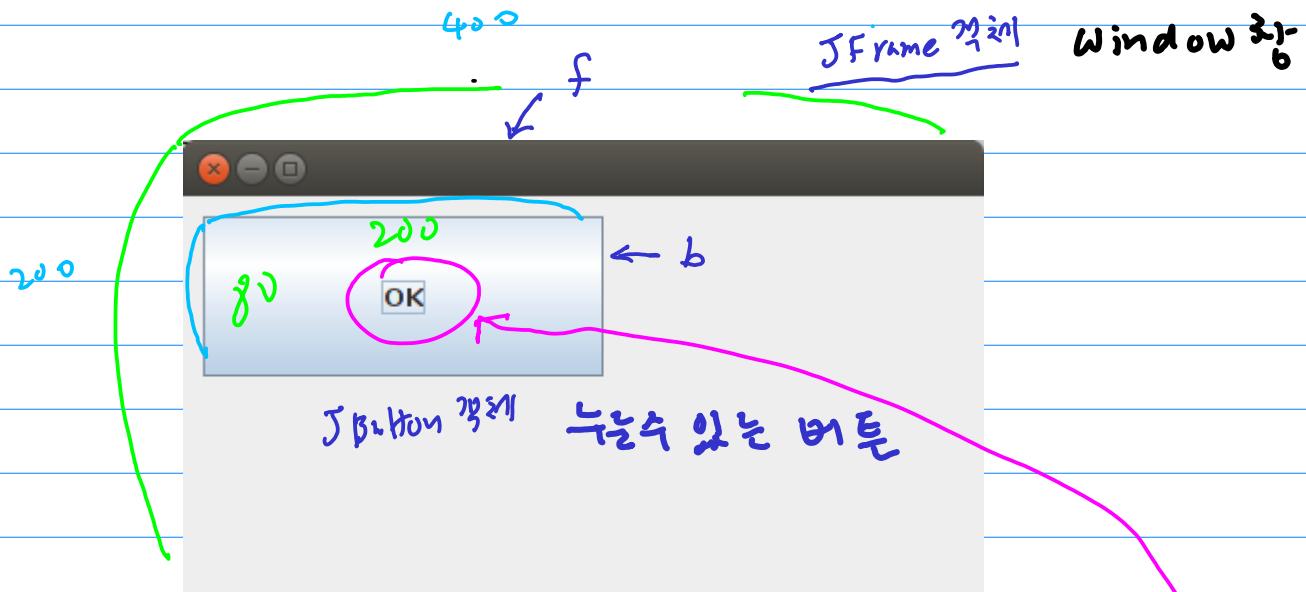
javax.swing



Default Package



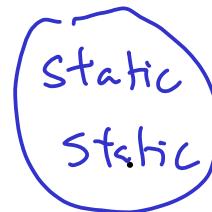
JFrame 꺽체 및 JButton 꺽체



```
import javax.swing.*;
public class SwingTest {
    /**
     * @param args
     */
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        // TODO Auto-generated method stub
        JFrame f = new JFrame();
        JButton b = new JButton("OK");
        b.setBounds(10, 10, 200, 80);
        f.add( b );
        f.setSize( 400, 200 );
        f.setLayout(null);
        f.setVisible(true);
    }
}
```

Math class

... 대 부분



member data

function

```
public class MathTest {
```

```
    /**
```

```
     * @param args
```

```
    */
```

```
public static void main(String[] args) {  
    // TODO Auto-generated method stub
```

```
    System.out.println("e = " + Math.E);
```

```
    System.out.println("pi = " + Math.PI);
```

```
    double pi = Math.PI;
```

```
    System.out.println("sin(0) = " + Math.sin(0));
```

```
    System.out.println("sin(pi/2) = " + Math.sin(pi/2));
```

```
    System.out.println("sin(pi) = " + Math.sin(pi));
```

```
    System.out.println("sin(3pi/2) = " + Math.sin(3*pi/2));
```

```
}
```

```
}
```

Static field

(member data)

Static method

Static field

Static double PI

Static method

Static double sin(double ...)

기본적인 숫자값 → 초기값을 갖는다. X

클래스이름. PI

sin()

Math.

Switch

```
char Grade = 'A';

switch (Grade) {
    case 'A':
        System.out.println("Grade= A");
        break;

    case 'B':
        System.out.println("Grade= B");
        break;

    case 'C':
        System.out.println("Grade= C");
        break;

    default:
        System.out.println("Grade= F");
        break;
}
```

```
Grade = 'A';

switch (Grade) {
    case 'A' : System.out.println("Grade= A");
    case 'B' : System.out.println("Grade= B");
    case 'C' : System.out.println("Grade= C");
        System.out.println("Grade= Pass");
    break;

default :
    System.out.println("Grade= Fail");
    break;
}
```

Grade = 'B';

```
switch (Grade) {
    case 'A' : System.out.println("Grade= A");
    case 'B' : System.out.println("Grade= B");
    case 'C' : System.out.println("Grade= C");
        System.out.println("Grade= Pass");
    break;

default :
    System.out.println("Grade= Fail");
    break;
}
```

OK

```
switch (Grade) {  
    case 'A':  
    case 'B':  
    case 'C': System.out.println("Grade= Pass");  
    break;  
  
    default:  
        System.out.println("Grade= Fail");  
    break;  
}
```

'A' output
'B' output
'C' output

Pass

Input from Keyboard

```
import java.util.Scanner;
```

package

인자

Class Scanner

인자

```
Scanner k = new Scanner(System.in);
```

Stream

```
char Grade;
```

```
System.out.println("Enter the Grade:");
```

```
Grade = k.next().charAt(0);
```

k.next()

String 읽어오기

k.nextInt()

정수 읽어오기

~~k.nextChar()~~

문자 읽어오는 것은 없음

k.next() • charAt(0)

String 을 읽어온 후

처음 위치에 0

있는 문자

package
import java.util.Scanner;
class

* Scanner k = new Scanner(System.in);
char Grade;

System.out.println("Enter the Grade:");
Grade = k.next().charAt(0);

7. 7. 7. 7. 7. 7. 7.
k.next();
↓

Enter [↙] string data
string data

String 7. 7. 7.
k.next().charAt(0)

Char ↴

3차 if - else

> 90

```
if (Grade >= 90) {  
    System.out.println("Grade= A");  
}
```

< 90

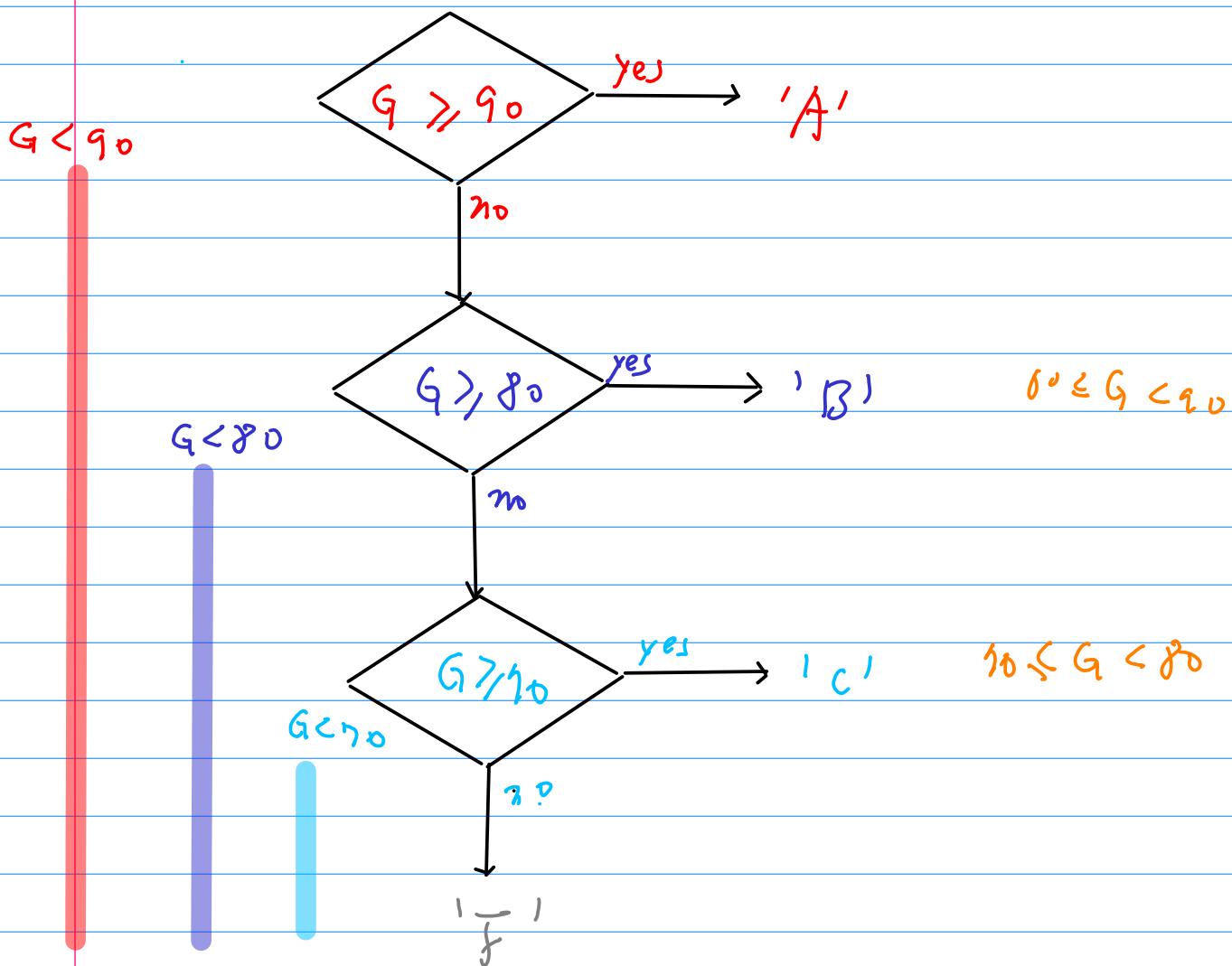
```
else {  
    if (Grade >= 80) {  
        System.out.println("Grade= B");  
    }  
}
```

> 80

```
else {  
    if (Grade >= 70) {  
        System.out.println("Grade= C");  
    }  
    else {  
        System.out.println("Grade= F");  
    }  
}
```

> 70

< 70



```

if (Grade >= 90) {
    System.out.println("Grade= A");
}
else {
    if (Grade >= 80) {
        System.out.println("Grade= B");
    }
    else {
        if (Grade >= 70) {
            System.out.println("Grade= C");
        }
        else {
            System.out.println("Grade= F");
        }
    }
}

```

```
if ((Grade >= 90))  
    System.out.println("Grade= A");  
if ((80 <= Grade) && (Grade < 90))  
    System.out.println("Grade= B");  
if ((70 <= Grade) && (Grade < 80))  
    System.out.println("Grade= C");  
if ((Grade < 70))  
    System.out.println("Grade= F");
```

$$90 \leq G$$

$$80 \leq G < 90$$

$$70 \leq G < 80$$

$$G < 70$$

Logical operator

AND

a && b

T

&&

T

T

&&

F

F

&&

T

F

&&

F

T

F

F

L

OR

a || b

T

||

T

T

T

T

T

||

F

F

||

T

F

||

F

F

F

